TESTIMOUIALS.

Bow Street, Coom Garant, Co

[HERLEAS two fullered Lindalous Paners of Shows Deen Published (by one Reversed Show) called Margot, Sr. and Anthony Survey, Sc. and Anthony Survey, St. of St. 1814 [Taily injurences his strainty) This is to affere the Tubic article to one fullered the St. is printed by M. Lindalous, and the strainty of the St. St. is printed by M. Lindalous, and the strainty of the St. St. in printed by M. Lindalous, and the strainty of the strainty of the strainty of the strainty.

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MARY WILES, he Kell

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Antikulino.

TESTIMONIALS.

Bow-Street, Covent Garden.

WHEREAS two false and scandalous Pamphlets have been Published (by one Rayner and Slow) called Memoirs, &c. and Authentic Memoirs, &c. of Mr. Wilks (greatly injurious to his Memory) This is to affure the Public, that the only Genuine Account of his Life, Family, Marriages, Issue, &c. is printed by Mr. Carll; in Burghley-Street in the Strand.

MARY WILKS, his Relief.

Charing-Cross-Meufe.

by one O'Dran (if there be any fuch Person) is full of Falschoods, and a Libel upon Mr. Wilks's Memory. What Memoirs I could recollect of Mr. Wilks (who marked my Sifter) from above 30 Years Acquaintance with him, I communicated to Mr. Gorlf) who has faithfully printed the same.

ALEX. KNAPTON.

THE K. Curll (E.)

LIFE

OF

That Eminent COMEDIAN

ROBERT WILKS, EGG;

Farewell! O born with ev'ry Art to Please, Politeness, Grace, Gentility and Ease.



LONDON:

Printed for E. CURLL, in BURGHLEY-Street, in the Strand. 1733.

That Frances Corporas ROBERT WILKS, HG;



LONDON:

Triated for E. Curll, in Burght enter-Sine, in the Strand. 1733-

And I must on the other Hand confess, that Toyon theers of them were proceed for the Concents of

Mrs. WILKS.

Am certain, Madam, You will do me the Justice to Acknowledge, that, in these Papers, to the utmost of my Power, I have endeavoured to do all imaginable Justice both to Mr. Wilks's Memory, and Your own Family.

As

And

And I must on the other Hand confess, that Two Sheets of them were printed (for the Contents of which my good Friend Capt. Knapton is wholly responsible) before I had the Favour of Your Commands, by Letter, from Your Daughter Shaw.

The Public Stand indebted to You alone, MADAM, for all the succeeding Family Memoirs concerning either Mr. Wilks or Tourfelf.

baA baA As to whatever Passages are interspersed, in these Sheets, relating to Persons or Things; they were occasioned through the present ridiculous Corruption of our Theatrical Entertainments. For, never was the Justiness of Mr. Addison's Observations more truly verified than now, viz.

"AUDIENCES (Jays this Polite
"Writer) have often been re"proached for the Coarseness of
"their Taste; but our present
"Grievance does not seem to be

WII DEDICATION

"I Common Sense. * a belieghed

Iam, MADAM, with due Refpect, for all Favours received,

Thestrical Entervainments. For,

never never never Most Obedieut, neven

Addison's Observations more truly

Humble Servant,

TAUDIENCES (Jays this Polite

Defached for the Court wolf of

"their Tafte; but our present

March 15, 1711.

" the

ATRUE

C O P Y

OF THE

Last WILL and TESTAMENT

Q.F

ROBERT WILKS, Efq;

Robert Wilks, of the Parish of St. PAUL Covent Garden, in the County of Middlesex, Gent. being sound and perfect in my Mind and Memory, and therefore willing at this Time to dispose my Affairs in the best and most prudent Manner I am able; do make and constitute this my last A

ii The last Will and Testament
Will and Testament in Manner and Form
following.

First, I resign my Soul to Almighty God my Creator, and hope (through his Mercy) Forgiveness of my Sins and Eternal Life. I commit my Body to the Earth, and desire it may be decently Interred at the Discretion of my Executrix herein after-named. And as to all the Worldly Estate of which I shall die possessed, I dispose the same in Manner following.

Imprimis, I Will that all my Debts and Funeral Expences shall be fully paid and satisfied by my Executrix herein after-named.

Item, I do hereby give, devise, and bequeath all my Right, Title and Interest in the Patent, granted by his present Majesty King GEORGE the Second, to Robert Wilks, Colley Cibber, and Barton Booth, their Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, for the Term of One and Twenty Years, to commence from the 1st Day of September 1732, to my Dear Wise Mary Wilks.

And

And I do likewise give, devise, and bequeath, my House situate in Bow-Street, Covent-Garden, wherein I now dwell, together with the Back-house, Brew-house, Laundry, and all the Appurtenances thereunto belonging, with all my Right, Title, and Interest therein. And also, all my Houshold Goods and Furniture, of what Nature or Kind soever. And also, all my Jewels, Plate, Linnen, Bedding, and Personal Estate whatsoever, to my Dear Wife Mary Wilks. And I do hereby recommend it to my said Wife, to leave to my Daughter-in-Law Mary-Frances Shaw (if the be living at the Time of her Decease) such Part of what I have hereby given and bequeathed, unto my said Wife, as the shall think sitting. WM. HEMMING.

And Lastly, I do hereby nominate, constitute, and appoint my said Dear Wife, Mary Wilks, sole Executrix of this my Last Will and Testament, written with my own Hand. In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, in the Sight A and

and Presence of the Three Witnesses, whose Names are hereunto subscribed, this 30th Day of May, in the Year of our Lord 1732.

ROBERT WILKS.

Signed, Sealed, and Published by the said Robert Wilks, the Testator, as his Last Will and Testament, in the Sight and Presence of us whose Hands are here-under written, and who signed our Hands as Witnesses to the same, in the Sight and Presence of the Testator,

Jo. Birkhead, Sen.

D. Birkhead, Jun.

Wm. Hemming.

And Letter 1 do hereby nominate, tour farme, and fortend tay that Dear Wife, story Willer of this my Late Ville Art 2 ment with my on a limit to the late here with the third with the late with the Sight where fer my feel and Seal, in the Sight and

STANZAS, On the DEATH of Mr. WILKS.

I.

In Congreve's difmal Scene of yawning Tombs,*

Where bloodless Spectres met, 'ere Spring of Day:

Drums, Fiddles, Truncheons, Billetdoux, and Plumes,

Lutes, Laurels, Racks, in wild Confusion lay;
And all the Lumber of the Player's Trade,
A strange, confus'd, and useless Chaos made.

When o'er the Place a Valling Guil incre flew,

Here fat the Genius of the British Stage,

Her Bosom loose, her unbound Tresses shed;

The fickly Tafte of a corrupted Age

She wept not-but her Heroes dead.

Porter

*See The Mourning Bride.

Porter and Booth she number'd in the Train, And wept her Honours lost, but wept in vain.

III.

Their various Glories she compar'd in Song,

Judicious Barry, she with Porter join'd;

Old Betterton, and Booth with Silver Tongue,

Employ'd at once her Grief, and fill'd her Mind:

Grateful to Oldfield's sweet, much-honour'd, Shade,

For matchless Pleasure, matchless Grief she paid.

And all the Lamber of VI e Player's Lade,

rels. Racks in what Con Hon lev a

Thus did her Grief her tuneful Tongue employ. When o'er the Place a blasting Gust there slew,

That bore this Voice—" Farewell, all manly Joy!

" And Ah! true British Comedy, adieu!

"Wilks is no more!" — The Genius dropt her The fickly Tafte of a corrected Age

Voice—

She fell—the rest—the grieving Muse supplies.

ve Mouraing Brider

V.

Unhappy Genius of the British Stage,

Shore

Now Thou art fall'n indeed to rife no more; Nature will not forfake her Friend in Age, But with her Wilks now treads th' Elysian

Tho' not fo nobly, let us faill exc Farewell, O born with ev'ry Art to please, Politeness, Grace, Gentility, and Ease.

What can the peerless Cibber do alone, 'Mongst Bodies so Opake, so bright a Ray Like Life, midst Heaps of uninformed Stone, He shews the Vileness of the neighb'ring Clay: So shines the Moon upon the Sable Night, Unable to reflect her glorious Light.

guald Ille

VII.

Now, Rich, perfue with Speed thy mimic Task,

Now thy New Fabric rifes to the Day,

Inform it with thy Spirit of Grope faue,

And bid the Genius laugh her Cares away;

Tho' not so nobly, let us still excell,

And Harlequin exert his Magic Spell.

VIII.

At That the Genius rais'd her languid Eyes,
And starting forth, "Nor be that all, she said;
"A Quin, a Tounger, and a Hippesley rise,
"To cheer the Gloom that o'er my Realm is
"spread;

"Be it their Task to Prop the falling Stage,
"And make Sense please, when Cibber's lost in
"Age.

PREFACE

Upon Mr. Castelman's delivering this ites.

g. Wilks Laughter in-Law, Mrs. Shaw,

distributed Telephones,

How-Street, Oft. 13. 1934.

PREFACE.

HAT the Public may be further convinced of the Genuineness of these MEMOTES, I shall lay before them, the several Steps I have taken in compiling them.

When I advertifed, Oct. 9. that my Materials for this Purpose were communicated from Capt. Knapton; Mr. Wilks's Brother-in-Law, Mrs. Wilks, sent Mr. Castelman, Treasurer of the Theatre, to me. I assured that Gentleman my Intention, as I had advertised, was to do Honour and Justice to Mr. Wilks's Memory; and that if his Widow, or any of his Family pleased, they should see all the Manuscript before it went to the Press.

Three

PREFACE.

Upon Mr. Castelman's delivering this Meslage, I received the following Letter from Mr. Wilks's Daughter-in-Law, Mrs. Shaw, viz.

To Mr. CUALL, in Burleigh-Street, in the Strand.

SIR, Bow-Street, Oft. 13. 1732.

CINCE you have promised to insert nothing in my dearest Father's Life, but what my Mother and I shall see, and have the Power to alter (if wrong) before you Print it; I desire you will come to Us before you mention any thing relating to my Mother's Family, and you shall be let into fuch Things, that I am fure you are quite Wilks, fehr Mr. Caftelman, Tr. of ragnard a

Theatre, to me. Influeen hat Gentleman my Inten-

Friday, 3 o'Cleck, Sty Vision and Servant,

Upon

the store is stored to the M. F. SHAW.

Three

PREFACE.

Three Days afterwards, both Mrs. Wilks and her Daughter, were pleased to sign me the following Testimonial, viz.

Bow-Street, Covent-Garden, Oct. 16. 1732.

lous Pamphlets have been injurioully published by one Rayner and Slow,
under the Title of Memoirs, &c. and Authentick Memoirs, &c. of Mr. WILKS. This
is to affure the Public, that the Genuine
Account of Mr. WILKS'S Family and himself,
bis Marriages, Issue, &c. will be printed only
for, and published by, Mr. Curll, in Burleigh-Street, adjoining to Exeter-'Change, in
the Strand, with all convenient Speed,

MARY WILKS, his Relief.

entinged in eleie Cream sy as they are

M. F. SHAW, his Daughter-in-Law.

(a2)

... The Hand and Park.

MEMOIRS

And.

PREFAGE

And, upon closing the Work, Mrs. Shaw has been farther pleased to make me this Acknowledgement, in another Letter, viz.

SIR,

S you have done every Thing very right by us, I defire to see you to-morrow. Morning at Ten o'Clock, when I hope, I shall be able to give you the Paper * that I promised.

becount of Mr. Wilks's Farily and himself

for, and published by, Mr. carl, in

thentick Memoirs, Gross of Mr. Weeks. This is take General and Public, the the General

wand of the Ste. will be printed only

I should not have given the Reader any prefatory Interruption, were not the Town as whimsical in their Credulity, as they are in their Pleasures; but I hope the Facts produced, sufficiently prove the Genuineness of these Memoirs, which is all the Point I have in View.

* This Paper was the List of Mr. Wilks's principal Parts, taken from his own MS.

LIVES, printed for E. CURLL.

I. THE LIFE of PETER the Great, Emperor of Russia; and of his Illustrious Consort the late CZARINA. Translated from the French Original of FONTENELLE. Price 2s. 6d.

II. Mr. Secretary Addison's Life (last Will and Testament) with all his Divine Poems. Price 4s.

of the late William Congress, Eig. interspersed with Essays, Letters and a Novel, intitled, The Adventures of Three Days. All written by him. Also a true Copy of his last Will and Testament. Pr. 55.

IV. Mr. LOCKE's Life and Remains. With his last Will and Testament, (in Folio, to perfect his Works.) Price is. 6d.

V. Archbishop Tillotson's Life, (in Folio, to perfect his Works) Written by Dr. Young, Dean, and Dr. Burnet, Bishop of Salisbury. Price 3s.

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VIII. The Life and last Will of that eminent Difference Mr. Daniel Williams, D. D. Also the Wills of Bishop Burnet, Lord Halifax, Dr. George Hickes, Dr. Burnet of the Charter-House, Dr. Partridge, the Astrologer, and Mr. Mahomet, Servant to his late Majesty. All in one Volume. Price 6s.

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X. An Account of the Life and Writings of the late Dr. JOHN FREIND, and of the Physical Controversies wherein he was engaged; with other curious Tracts. Price 25. 6d.

KI. The Life of that eminent Statesman, Sir John Perrott, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in Queen Elizabeth's Reign, who died in the Tower. With his last Will and Testament. Price 6s.

XII. ELIAS ASHMOLE, Esq; the celebrated Antiquarian. An exact Diary of his Life and Actions, drawn up by himself. Price is. 6d.

version of these Days. All mairen by how Alfa

XIII. Faithful Memoirs of the Life and Amours of that celebrated Actress Mrs. Anne Oldfield. With a true Copy of her last Will and Testament: Also the last Will and Testament of Arthur Maynwaring, Esq. Price 3s. 6d.

XIV. The Secret History of King James, and King Charles the First. By that famous Astrologer Mr. William Lilly. Price 2s.

XV. Some Account of Lord Chief Baron Pengelly, with a true Copy of his last Will and Testament. Price 15. 6d.

XVI. Memoirs of the Life, Writings and Conduct of Dr. ATTERBURY, late Bishop of Rochester, from his Birth to his Banishment. By Thomas Stackbouse, M. A. Price 2s. 6d.

XVII. Memoirs of the Life of Sir Robert Walpole. Price 3s.

Furgabler declares, that Mr. Whis's Per-

Ripeus Ton the Part of has teching far deve Ripeus Ton the profile of the Part, /mys cae to his Merit. That he made the Part, /mys will appoar a of the Latter of the State

ROBERTAWILKS, Efq;

INTRODUCTION.

ne has been Ages mall know to come, R. ADDISON recommends the apt Use of a Theatre, as the most agreeable and easy Method of making a polite and moral Gentry, which would end in rendering the rest of the People regular in their Behaviour, and ambitious of laud-able Undertakings. Of all Men living, Jays be, I pity PLAYERS (who must be Men of good Understanding to be capable of being luch) that they are obliged to repeat and affilme proper Gestures for representing Things, of which their Reason must be assamed, and which they must disdain their Audience (oftentimes) for approving. Among this Set of Men. Mr. WILK's Performance is the greatest Instance that we can have, of the irrefiftable Force of proper Action. He enters into the Part of Wildair, with so much Skill, that the Gallantry, the Youth, and Gaiety of a young Man of a plentiful Fortune, is looked upon with as much Indulgence on the Stage, as in real Life, without any of those littermixtures of Wit and Humour, which usually preposses us in Favour of fuch Characters in other Plays. Thus far Mr. Ad-See the TATLER, No. 8. and No. 19. difon*.

Mr. Farqubar declares, that Mr. Wilks's Performance, in that Part, has set him so far above Competition, that none can pretend to envy the Praise due to his Merit. That he made the Part, says be, will appear from hence, whenever the Stage has the Misfortune to lose bim, Sir Harry Wildair may go to the Jubilee. And, as the Stage now laments such an irreparable Loss,

What he has been Ages shall know to come,

As now we talk of Roscius and of Rome,

Row

The most celebrated Comedian Roscius, was the last among the Romans, and it is greatly to be feared Mr. Wilks will be the last among the Britons, since the Art of the Stage it self is now expiring; for what less can be expected, in an Age, as an eminent Writer observes*, wherein Cibber is Laureat, and Hurlotbrumbo, and the Beggar's (chas the Their's) Opera are applauded.

EPIGRAM

Horace has, somewhere, said that ev'ry Muse,

A proper Hero, for his Theme should chuse;

If so, good Folks, I speak it to my Grief:

Our honest Friend, John Gay's, must be a Thieft.

|| See Pref. to the Constant Couple, &c. 1700.

MEMOIRS, &c.

R. WILKS was descended from a very good Family in Warwicksbire; in which County all his Predecessors were Born. His Father Edward Wilks, Esq; was obliged to leave England through Misfortunes, and fome Friends he had in Ireland procured him the Post of being one of the Pursuivants to the Lord Lieutenant of that Kingdom. He had three Sons, Edward, Robert, and William. The Second of which, our late excellent Comedian, was Born at a little Village called Rathfarnam near Dublin, 1665. was bred up under Mr. Secretary Southwell, and had for some Years a Seat in his Office; being an excellent Clerk, and wrote a fine Hand. Upon the breaking out of King James's Wars in Ireland, Mr. Wilks was forced into the Army by Capt. Bourk, and was exempted from Military Dury, being made Clerk to the Camp. But the natural Propenfity of his Genius was wholly turned towards the Stage, and hearing so much of the just Praises of Mr. Betterton's Merit, he was not easy till he came over, and privately by a Stratagem escaped from his Military Clerk-thip.

At his Arrival in England, he was indeed entertained by Mr. Christopher Rich; but on no higher Terms than fifteen Shillings per Week, out of which he was to allow ten Shillings per Month for learning to Dance.

Mr. Harris was the Master of whom he learnt; and at whose School, after Mr. Wilks had been about a Year in England, he saw a young Gentle-woman of about 20 Years of Age, with whom he sell in Love. This was Mrs. Elizabeth Knapton, youngest Daughter of Ferdinando Knapton, Esq. Town-Clerk of Southampton, and Steward of the New-Forest. In due Time she brought Mr. Wilks a Son, who was Christened Robert; the Child was put to Nurse, and committed to the Guardianship of Mr. Bowen the Player, upon Mr. Wilks return to Ireland, who took his Wife with him, upon the following Occasion.

Mr. Affibury, Master of the Dublin Theatre, coming over to recruit his Stage, Mr. Betterton thinking Mr. Rich did not give Mr. Wilks sufficient Encouragement, especially since he had now an increasing Family to provide for, earnessly recommended Mr. Wilks to Mr. Asbbury, as a young Man of very growing Hopes, and deserving of Favours. From this Character given of him, Mr. Asbbury contracted with Mr. Wilks for 50% a Year certain, and a Benefit Play. Upon these Terms was Mr. Rich deprived of Mr. Wilks. But it was not

With a wing the Contract

not long before he was made fensible of his Loss! and forced to fend a special Messenger to Ireland to regain him. The Person deputed to go was Mr. Swinny, who with great Privacy got Mr. Wilks and his Wife back, after contracting to allow him 41. per Week; the Duke of Ormond having issued a Warrant that Mr. Wilks should not depart the Kingdom, so much was he beloved in Ireland. However, Mr. Rich was rightly served; and Mr. Wilks but juffly rewarded. for the Street than at

Upon this, Mr. Wilks's dear Friend Mr. Forqubar left the Irish-Stage, and came over with him, which was owing to a melancholly Accident.

Mr. Farquhar was also extremely beloved in Ireland, and had indeed the Advantage of a very good Person, though his Voice was weak; but as he never met with the least Repulse from the Audience in any of his Performances, he was resolved to continue on the Stage, till something better should offer; but his Resolution was soon broke by an Accident, viz. With Lov I view she

Mr. Farquhar being to play the Part of Greyemar, (in the Indian Emperour) who kills Valques one of the Spanish Generals, (and forgetting to exchange his Sword for a Foyle) in the Engagement, he wounded his Brother Tragedian, who acted Vosquez, very dangerously; and tho it proved not mortal, yet it so shocked the natural Tenderness of Mr. Farqubar's Temper, that it True

put

put a Period to his Acting ever after. But in a short Time the Earl of Orrery, in Regard to his particular Merit, gave him a Lieutenancy in his Regiment then in Ireland.

Mr. Wilks well knowing the Abilities of Mr. Furqubar, after their Arrival in England, he never ceased his Importunities with him, till he had prevailed on him to write a Play; assuring him that, he would gain much more Reputation by writing for the Stage, than appearing on it.

The KING, in the Island PRINCESS, was the first Part Mr. Wilks played at his Return to England, upon which Occasion he thus addressed the Audience,

As a poor Stranger wreckt upon the Coast,

With Fear and Wonder views the Dangers past ;

So I, with dreadful Apprehenlions stand,

And thank these Pow'rs that brought me fafe to Land.

With Joy I view the finiling Country o'er,

-wand find, kind Heavins! an hospitable Shore.

Tis England This your Charities declare,

But more the Charms of British Beauties there;

Beauties that celebrate this Isle afar,

They by their Smiles, as much as You by War,

Truc

Such lively Patterns you before me lay.

Void of Offence, tho not from Censure free,

vollefo a distant life too kind to me borrowni vliab

Loaded with Favours I was forc'd away,

'Cause I wou'd not accept, what I cou'd never pay.

There I cou'd please; but there my Fame must end,

For hither none must come to Boast, but Mends

Improvement must be great, fince here I find

Precepts, Examples, and my Masters kind .

In the Year 1698, Mr. Farqubar, having taken Mr. Wilks's Advice, had a Comedy brought upon the Stage, called Love and a Bottle. To which there was a very humorous Prologue and Epilogue, both written by Jo. Haynes, the latter spoken by him in Mourning. Mr. Wilks had not any Part in this Play; but Mrs. Rogers (of whom more hereaster) acted Lucinda, a Lady of considerable Fortune, and Mr. Mills, Lovewell, her Gallant.

twodAnow that Stage mult down, where not our Whore is.

Looks up at the diores, over the Stare, la Dretty-Lave.

These Verses were wrote by Mr. Farquhar.

About this Time the English Theatre was not only pestered with Tumblers, and Rope Dancers from France, but likewise Dancing-Masters, and Dancing-Dogs; shoals of Italian Squallers were daily imported; and the Drury Lane Company almost broke. Upon this Occasion it was, that the facetious Jo. Haynes composed this Epilogue, and spoke it in Mourning, viz.

The form one I year and gold blood I and I

Loome not here, your Poet's Fate to see,

I had and his Play, may both be damn'd for me:

I had I and sould as year from the mourn for Thee.

I had and had a see and hum manipole or and the second and a secon

Myhill t'other House stands, and gets the Pevil and All? come a bad solve A sall. I'm and All? To tune thro all Weathers seet end, of Must still kind Fortune thro all Weathers seet end, which are supported by the support of the sup

know that Stage must down, where not one Whore is.

But a Thefe Verkes were wrote by Mr. Farquour.

| Looks up at the Motto, over the Stage, in Drury-Lane.

But can ye have the Hearts tho' - pray now speak,

After all our Services, to let us break?

Ye cannot do't unless the Devil's in ye,

What Art, what Merit, ha'n't we us'd to win ye?

First, to divert ye with some new French Strolers,

We brought ye Bona Seres Barba Colers. *

When their Male-Throats no longer drew your

We got y'an Eunuch Pipe, Signor Rompony.

That Beardless Songster we cou'dne'er make much on,

The Females found a damn'd Blotch in his Scurcheon.

An Italian now, we've got of mighty Fame, W

Don Sigismondo Fideli-There's Musick in his Name:

His Voice is like the Musick of the Spheres,

It shou'd be Heav'nly for the Price it bears, Il

He's a handsom Fellow too looks brifk and trim.

If he don't take you, then the Devil take Him!

Besides, lest our white Faces mayn't always delight

ye,

We've pickt up Giplies now, to Please, or Fright ye,

Laftly,

Mimicks French-Singing. Il 20 1. per Night.

But can yourse that lower that

Lastly, to make our House more Courtly shine, . As Travel does the Men of Mode refine, So our Stage Heroes did their Tour design. To mend their Manners and course English feeding, They went to Ireland, to improve their Breeding; Yet for all This, we still are at a Loss, O Collier, Collier, Thou'aft frighted away Miss Cross; She, to return our Foreigners Complaifance, At Cupid's Call, has made a Trip to France. Love's Fire-Arms here, are fince not worth a Sous: We've lost the only Touch-Hole of our House. Loling that Jewel gave Us a fatal Blow 5 3 and Well, if thin Audiences must Jo. Haynes under Well, if tis Decreed, nor can thy Fate O Seige! Relift the Fate of this obdurate Age, I'll then grow wifer, leave off playing the Fool, And hire this Play-House for a Boarding-School,

repicks on the hearth, of the difference

appropriate the property of the transfer of

D'ye think the Maids won't be in a sweet Condition, When they're under Jo. Haynes's grave Tuition? They'll have no Occasion then I'm sure, to Play, They'll have such Comings-in, Another Way.

This Epilogue was many times Spoken with Universal Applause, not only to This, but several other Plays; as a just Rebuke of the vitiated Taste of the Town. And it might now be revived with the greatest Justice, in opposition to our present Polite Taste, when nothing will go down but Ballad-Operas and Mr. Lun's Bussionery. Such are our Stage Entertainments! And for Breeding, our Brewers are now arrived to such a heighth of sinesse, and elegance, that their Children are fent into France for Education. But for This, as a Lord Mayor * himself said,—There ought to be some Grains of Allowance.

Mr. Hayner's lash on the Drury-Lane Actors, who went to Ireland to learn Breeding, was levelled at Those that accompanied Mr. Wilks back, with Mr. Asbbury, on the Occasion before mentioned, and a very just one, Want of Encouragement. Old Rich was Punished according to his Deserts for such Treatment, and it is to be hoped his Harlequin-Son, will be put upon the same Stool-of-Repentance for slighting the Offers of that excellent Comedian Jo. Miller, and wanting to keep ander

^{*} H. P. of Wapping, Efg; and Brewer,

under the Hatches that improving Young Fellow Charles Hulett; who will, if they go on, as they have begun this Season, soon transplant VIVITUR INGENIO from Drury-Lane to Goodman's-Fields.

Miss Cress's Excursion to France, mentioned by Mr. Haynes, is a well known Story, She was car-

ried over by a certain Baronet.*

I doubt not but my Readers will pardon these necessary Digressions, being a part of Theatrical History. I shall now return to Mr. Wilks, whom we shall soon see in the full Meridian of his Glory.

From the Success of Love and a Bottle, Mr. Fargubar resumed his Dramatical Studies, and, in the Year (of the Grand Roman JUBILEE, which revolves but once a Century) 1700. Another Comedy of his was brought upon the Stage, viz. The Constant Couple: Or, a Trip to the Jubilee. In this Comedy Mr. Wilks was affigned the Character of Sir Harry Wildair, An airy Gentleman, affecting humorous Gaiety and Freedom in his Behaviour. Mrs. Verbruggen (formerly Mrs. Mountfort) played the Lady Lurewell, a Woman of a jilting Temper, proceeding from a Refentment of her Wrongs from Men. The Contrast of these two Characters have gained Mr. Wilks and Mrs. Oldfield an Immortal Reputation; for Mrs. Verbruggen dying in Childbed, Mrs. Oldfield fucceeded her in that Part. Mrs. Rogens acled Angelica, A Woman of Honour, More of Her anon. The Epilogue to this Play was Spoken by Mr. Wilky Mary to.

Mr.

^{*} See Memoirs of the Life and Amgurs of Mrs. Oldfield. p 2.

Mr. Farqubar's deferved Success brought him on a Third Play the very next Year, viz. Sir HARRY WILDAIR. Being the Sequel of the Trip. to the Jubilee. In which Mr. Wilks, and Mrs. Oldfield, continued to perform the same Characters as before mentioned.

Two Years afterwards, viz. 1703, Mr. Farquhar, himself, tell Us, that he took the Hint of a Fourth Comedy from FLETCHER'S Wild-Goofe-Chace. It. was brought upon the Stage under the Title of The Inconstant: Or, the Way to Win Him. This, tho' a good Play (happening to interfere with the Frenzy of the Town, then running stark mad after French Dancers, and Italian Songsters) gave Mr. Farquhar just Cause to complain of the reigning Corruption in Dramatical Entertainments which he thus very agreeably rallies, viz.

" As to my Succeis (in this Play, fays he,) I " think it is but a kind of Cremona Business; I

"have neither Lost, nor Won. I pushed fairly, but the I such were pre-possessed, and the Charms of Gallic Heels were too hard for an

English Brain; but I am proud to own, that I

" have laid my Head at the Ladies Feet. The

" Favour was unavoidable, for we are a Nation

" fo fond of improving our Understanding, that

" the Instruction of a Play does no good, when it

" comes in Competition with a Minuet. Pliny tells

" us, in his Natural History, of Elephants that were taught to Dance on the Ropes; if this

" could be made Practicable now, what a Num-

" ber of Subscriptions might be had to bring the

" Great Mogul out of Fleet freet, + and make him

Dance between the ACTs.

"It is the prettiest way in the World, of defpising the French King, to let him see that we
can afford Money to bribe away his Dancers,
when he, poor Man, has exhausted all his Stock,
in buying some pitiful Towns and Principalities: Cum multis aliis. What can be a greater
Compliment to our generous Nation than to
have Mademaiselle upon her re-tour to Paris,
boast of her splendid Entertainment in England;
of the Complaisance, Liberty, and Good-nature
of a People, that Thronged her House so full,
that she had not Room to sick a Pin; and left
a poor Fellow, that had the Missortune of being one of Themselves, without one Farthing
for half a Years Pains that he had taken for
their Entertainment."

View, Rich's-Successor, the fame the now

From thy French-Drabkin, and thy own, Bou, Wou.

However, in this Comedy of Mr. Farqubar's, it must be allowed, there is more low Humour than in either of his former. The Capital Part was played by Mr. Pinkethman, viz. Old Mirabel, an aged Gentleman of an odd Compound, between the

There was, at that Time, a very large Elephant flewn at the Doke of Marlborough's Head in Fleetstreet.

The ingenious Mr. Lun has imported a Dancing Mede-

the Peevishness incident to his Years, and his fatherly Fondness towards his Son. Mr. Wilks acted Young Mirabel, and Mrs. Rogers that of Oriana, a Lady contracted to Mirabel, who would bring him to Reason.

Mr. Motteux gave Mr. Farquhar a very Humorous Prologue to it, which, for the witty Parallels it contains, I will here infert, not doubting but it will very agreeably entertain the Reader, viz.

Like bungry Guests, a sitting Audience looks;

Plays are like Suppers: Poets are the Cooks.

The Founders You: The Table is this Place:

The Carvers We: The Prologue is the Grace.

Each Act a Course; each Scene a diff rent Dish;

Tho' we're in Lent, I doubt your still for Flesh.

Saure's the Sauce, high-feason'd, sharp, and rough;

Kind Masks and Beaus; I hope you're Pepper-Proof.

Wit is the Wine; but 'tis fo fcarce the True,

Poets, like Vintners, balderdash and Brew.

The Street Coren and Prese. Welton by Alia Man

Your Surly-Scenes, where Rant and Bloodshed join,

Arc Butcher's-Meat; a Battle's a Sirloin

Your Scenes of Love, so flowing, soft and chaste, Are Water-Gruel, without Salt or Taste.

Your Rakes love baut-gousts, like your damn'd French Cheese.

Your Rarity, for your fair Guests to gape on,
Is your nice Squeaker; or, Italian Capon;
Or your French Virgin-Pullet, garnish'd round,
And dress'd with Sauce of some — Four bundred
Pound.

An Opera, like an Oglio, nicks the Age; Farce is the Hasty-Pudding of the Stage.

For when you're treated with indifferent Cheer,
You can dispence with slender Stage-Coach-Fare.

A Pastoral's Whipt-Cream; Stage Whims, mere Trash,

tre Burnson's Adats a Recolor a Colors

And Tragi-Comedy, half Fish and Flesh.

But

^{*} The STAGE-COACH; a Farce. Written by Mr. Mot-

Bus Coment, That That's the Darling Cheen; This Night we hope you'll an Inconstant bear: Wild-Forel is lik'd in Play-House all the Year. on ser which he mer with, ain

within the Stade of the famous Hill, early

Yet fince each Mind betrays a diff rent Tafte, And ev'ry Dish scence pleases ev'ry Guest, If aught you relish, do not damn the rest. This Fayour crav'd, up let the Music strike:

Fur albertug the The Epilogue to this Play, was written by Mr. Rowe, and Spoken by Mr. Wilks.

You're welcome All-Now fall to, where you like.

Two Sealons more, viz. 1705, produced a Fifth very entertaining Comedy of Mr. Farqubar's, called The Twin Rivals. To this Play Mr. Wilks spoke the Prologue, which was written by Mr. Motteus, and acted the Part of young Would be; and Mrs. Regers that of Conflance. Therein, are ultly exposed, those Villanies which are most obnoxious to Human Society; the Brauds, Plots and Contrivances upon the Fortunes of Men, and the Virtue of Women. For as the Author well observes, Characters in Plays, are like Long-Lane Clothes, not hung out for the ufe of any particular People, but to be bright by only Those they happen C. HARQUAR OF

My A Colob aced Hill in Step 1 6.

Mr. Farquhar's Sixth Play was the Recruiting Officer. This was brought on the Stage, 1707 In the Address, To All his Friends round the Wrekin, * He tells Them that, "Some little "Turns of Humour which he met with, almost within the Shade of that famous Hill, gave the "Rife to this Comedy." He was sent among them to Recruit, and frankly tells them that, what is reckoned the greatest Fatigue upon Earth to Others, was, by their generous and hospitable Reception, made the greatest Pleasure in the World to Him.

The Duke of Ormond encouraged, and the Earl of Orrery approved the Play. So that, says be, my Recruits were reviewed by my General and my Colonel, and could not fail to pass Muster; and still to add to my Success, they were raised among my Friends round the Wrekin.

This Health has the Advantage over our other celebrated Toasts, never to grow worse for the wearing; 'tis a lasting Beauty, Old without Age, and Common without Scandal. That you may live long to set it cheerfully round, and to enjoy the abundant Pleasures of your fair and plentiful Country, is the hearty Wish of,

My Lords and Gentlemen,
Your most Obliged,

and most Obedient Servant, olgood

G. FARQUEAR

* A celeb: ated Hill in Shrapfior.

Mr. WILKS played Captain Plume, and Mr. Cibber, Captain Brozen, the Two Recruiting Officers. Melinda, a Lady of Fortune, by Mrs. Rogers, and Silvia, the Justice's Daughter, by Mrs. Oldfield.

Three Years more, viz. 1710, brought on the Seventh, and last, of Mr. Farquhar's Comedies, and sent Him off the Stage of Life. This was, The STRATAGEM.

As the Swan sings Sweetess when Dying, this of Mr. Farquhar's is evidently, and universally allowed to be his Master-piece.

"The Reader, fays be, may find fome Faults in this Plan, which my Illness prevented the amending of; but there is great Amends made in the Representation, which cannot be matched, no more than the friendly and indefatigable Care of Mr. Wilks, to whom I chiefly owe the Success of the Play.

Mr. Wilks spoke the Prologue which concludes

Follies to Night we shew, ne'er last'd before,

Yet fuch as Nature shews you every Hour;

Nor can the Pictures give a just Offence,

For Fools are made for Jests to Men of Sense.

D 2

The

The Two Capital Characters of this Comedy are Aimwell and Archer, Two Gentlemen of broken Fortunes, the first as Master, and the second as Servant. The first was played by Mr. Mills, and the last by Mr. Wilks, who spoke the Protogue. The two Capital Female Characters are, 1. Lady Bounteful, An old, civil, Country Gentlewoman, that cures all her Neighbours of all Distempers, and is foolishly fond of her Son Sullen, a Country Blockhead, brutal to his Wife. Played by Mrs. Powel. And, 2. Mrs. Sullen, by Mrs. Oldfield.

This Comedy Mr. Farquhar began and ended in fix Weeks, with a fettled sickness upon him all the Time; may, he even perceived the Approaches of Death, before he had finished the fetond Ac, and (as he had often foretold) died before the run of his Flay was over

HE was very decently Interred in the Parish Church of St. Martin in the Fields.

Farqubar, by Writing, gain'd Himself a Namey

And by Wilks, Farqubar, gain'd immortal Fame.

Thus have I given an impartial Account of the State and Conduct of the Stage, during those Twelve Years Mr. Farquhar wrote for it. I shall now return to the Family-Concerns of Mr. Wilks.

His Son Robent whom he left under the Care of Mr. Bowen, as has been mentioned, died an Infant. He had Nine more Children, who underwent the same untimely Fate; but one Daughter, whose Name was Frances, lived to be Married to Capt. Price in the Lighteenth Year of her Age, she unhappily died of the Small Pare, at her Father-in-Law's House, at Tiptry, near Colchester in Election Law's House, at Tiptry, near Colchester in Election Law's House, at Tiptry, near Colchester in Election Same Year, Mr. Walks had the Missortune to lose both his Wife, and his only Child.

Mrs. Wilks was Buried in the Parish Church of St. Poul, Cevent Garden; there is erected, to her deferving Memory, a very handsome Monument, whereon is the underwritten Inscription; viz.

Beneath this Marble,
hies Elizabeth Wilks, late Wife of Robert Wilks,
of this Parish, Gent.

The Purity of her Mind, which appeared in all the Duties of a Virtuous Life,

vious Minade her a good Wife, mod flum I

friend Daughter, Mother, and Friend of or bus

. Conftant, as Unfeigned, to her last Moment

In Memory of her Virtues,

This was erected by her Husband.

She Died the 21² Day of March 17-1

in the 42 Year of her Age.

His Most Sacred Majesty King Charles the IId

This Infeription was composed by Mr. Wilks himself; who, as an Alleviation for the great Loss he had sustained in so good a Wife, had recourse, and paid his Addresses, to a Widow Gen-tlewoman, Mrs. Mary Fell. She was the Relies of Charles Fell, Esq; of Swarthmore in Lanca fore, by whom he had Issue five Sons and one Daughter four of which Children were living when Mr. Wills married her (on the 26th Day of April 1713) but there are now only rup of them furviving; one Son named Charles, and Daughter named Mary-Frances Fell, who in the Year 1721 married John Show, Gent. And in the Year 1723, her Brother Charles Fell, Efg; married the Grand-Daughter of the famous William Penn, Governour of Penlylvania, whom he brought over to the Communion of the Church of England, into which the was admitted by Baptism, in the Parish Church of St. Paul, Covent-Garden, and Mr. Wilks and his Wife were her Sureties. She was Christened by the Name of Gulielma Maria, which marked an all the

I must here, in Justice to Mr. Wilks's Memory, and to the Deserts of his second Wife (which he has fully confirmed by his last Will and Testament) the Widow Fell, give some Account of her Family.

This Gentlewoman was the Daughter of John Browne, Esq; of Spelmonden in the County of Kent, who was Gun-Founder (not Gun-Smith) to His Most Sacred Majesty King Charles the Ild.

He had large Furnaces, Woods, and confiderable Iron-Mines upon his own Estate, and had the Honour to be Patentee with Prince RUPERT for making Knealed-Guns, which was an Invention of his Royal Highness's for preserving the Canon from Rust.

As to Mr. Wilks's Family, I am now farther informed, that his Father Edward Wilks, Esq; was descended from Judge Wilks, a very eminent Lawyer, and a Gentleman of great Honour and Probity. During the unhappy Scene of our Civil-Wars, he raised a Troop of Horse, at his own Expence, for the Service of his Royal Master.

I find likewise in the Earl of Clarendon's History, * "That the Three Officers sent by Ge-" neral Monk, from Scotland to London, to treat "with The Committee of Sasety, were the Colo-" nels Wilks, Clobery, and Knight. Their Treaty proved unsuccessful; Monk resused to ratify it, and committed Colon Wilks, upon his Re-" turn to Scotland, for having consented to some-" thing prejudicial to him, and expressly contra-" ry to his Instructions.

Dr. Jkinner, in his Life of General Monk, † gives the following Relation of this Fact, viz.

"The Colonels Knight, Clobery and Wilks, re-"turned from London to Berwick; where they

† See Pag. 159. 800.

od T

" made

^{*} See Volume VI. 8vo. pag. 699 and 703.

abam 23

Management of their Embassy, and with some Reflection upon the Rashness and Imprudence of each other. The General expressed some Displeasure against them All. But because Colonel Wilks seemed to have led the Dance to the rest, in departing from their Instructions, and had been too forward in revealing the General's Intentions for a new Parliament, which was to be kept to the last Pinch, he ordered his Consinement: Though afterwards he was prevailed upon to accept this Submission and Excuse, with the Grant of his Liberty.

Colonel Wilks was Brother to the Judge. From hence it plainly appears, that the Depredations made in their Fortune by the Civil-Wars, obliged Mr. Wilks's Father to transplant himself and his Family into Ireland; as has been observed in the Beginning of these Memoirs.

Now to return a little to the Stage. I must here acquaint the Reader, that Mr. Henry Norris (an Original, for his Performances in the humorous and low Vein of Comedy; and who for his Excellence, in so thoroughly entering into his Part in The Constant Couple, was, ever after, called Jubilee Dicky) was allied to Mr. Wilks; as marrying Mrs. Sarah Knapton, second Daughter of Ferdinando Knapton, Esq; there is a Third Daughter living, one of the Dressers to the Drury-Lane Theatre, Mrs. Anne Knapton, a Maiden.

The

er hassorally

The Family of KNAPTON are (Originally) of Yorkshire Descent, in which County they gave Name to a Manor, and had an Estate of 2000 l. per Annum. In the Reign of Queen Elizabeth they transplanted themselves to Brockenburst in Hampshire.

They bear for their ARMS, Three Chaplets, &c., The CREST, a Chaplet pierced by a Spear, with this Motto, META CORONAT OPUS.

Mr. Norris was Born in Salisbury-Court in Fleetstreet, in the Year 1665, and his Mother was the first Woman that ever appeared on the English-Stage; in the Infancy of which, and for some Years, all the Women's Parts were Played by Man.

That celebrated Actor Mr. Kynaston (who was Fellow-Prentice with Mr. Betterton, at Mr. Rhodes's the Bookseller near Charing-Cross) was as samous for Women's Parts as Mr. Betterton was for Men's, this was when Mr. Rhodes, their Master (by having been formerly Wardrobe-Keeper to the King's Company of Comedians in Black-Fryars) on General Monck's March to London, 1659, got a Licence, from the Powers then in being, to set up a Company of Players in the Cockpit in Drury-Lane, and soon made it compleat.*

E

From

See The Life of Mr. Betterson. Written by Charles Gildon, Efq; pag. 5. 8vo. 1710.

From this short Digression, I shall proceed to an honest Confession made by Mr. Cibber, relating to the Stage, viz.

In the Dedication of his Comedy, called, The LADY'S Last Stake: or the WIFE'S Resentment, he acknowledges to his Patron the Marquis of Kent, then Lord Chamberlain of the Houshold, "That, " the Stage has, for many Years, groaned under " the greatest Discouragements, which have (says " be) been very much, if not wholly owing to the " Mismanagement or Avarice of Those that have " aukwardly governed it. Great Sums have been " ventured upon empty Projects, and Hopes of " immoderate Gains; and when those Hopes have " failed, the Loss has been tyrannically deducted " out of the Actors Salary. And if Your Lordsbip had not redeemed them, they were very near " being wholly laid aside, or at least, the Use of " their Labour was to be fwallowed up in the pre-" tended Merit of Singing and Dancing?

Now from this whole Charge, more especially the Avaritious Part of it, Mr. Wilks stands honourably acquitted, as the following Instance will sufficiently manifest.

When a certain Actor, well known, left the Irish Stage, for want of that just Encouragement which he deserved, upon his Arrival in England, applied to Mr. Wilks. After he had played but to Week (which could only be understood as a Trial,

Trial; because there was not a Stipulation for any particular Salary) Mr. Wilks ordered the Treasurer to pay him 30 s. and, the next Week, being farther convinced of his Merit, raised him 10 s. more; nor had this Gentleman the Trouble of importuning, before he found himself in the next Scason settled at 3 l. per Week. And he had not left Drury-Lane, but for the ill Treatment he met from Others. This Fact is here recited, from the Relation which the Party himself gave of it, in Homour and Justice to the Character of Mr. Wilks.

Such was his Behaviour on all Occasions; Merit was the Motive by which he acted. For, to Him, as a Noble Peer judiciously observes, "Prejudice, "when it appeared inveterate, like Flattery, when it appears sulsom, destroys its own Credit; to persist in maintaining an Argument against Demonstration and incontestable Facts in any one "Case, is sufficient to bring in Question the very "Veracity of all others." This excellent Reflexion is truly parallel, and applicable to Mr. Wilke's Case on a certain Occasion, viz.

When Mrs. Oldfield's demonstrable Merit, put her in just Possession of Mrs. Mountfort's (afterwards Mrs. Verbruggen's) Parts; a false, ridiculous, and Party-Clamour was raised and somented against Mr. Wilks, for depriving Mrs. Rogers of those Parts to which She had a juster Claim, in the weak E 2

^{*} See Lord Lansdowne's Letter, to the Author of Reflexions Historical and Political. 173: 4to. pag. 17.

Heads of the Declaimers, by being an older Ac-Mr. Wilks foon reduced this Clamour to Demonstration by an Experiment of Mrs. Oldfeld's and Mrs. Rogers's playing the same Part, that of Lady Lurewell in The Trip to the Jubilee, but though Obstinacy seldom meets Conviction; yet, from this equitable Tryal, the Tumults in the House were soon quelled (by public Authority) greatly to the Honour of Mr. Wilks. I am from my own Knowledge thoroughly convinced, that Mr. Wilks had not any other Regard for Mrs. Oldfield but what arose from the Excellency of her Performances. Mrs. Rogers's Conduct might be censured by some, for the Earnestness of her Pasfion towards Mr. Wilks, but in the polite World, the Fair Sex has always been privileged from Scandal.* for which Reason I shall here let fall the Curtain, and not mention any Particulars of that unhappy Woman, or any of her Descendants.

HONI SOIT QUI MAL Y PENSE.

I shall next, from his own Manuscript, give a faithful Catalogue of the principal Parts performed by Mr. Wilks. (The first Part, he acted upon his Return from Ireland, was Palamede, as Mr. Cibber affirms, in Mr. Dryden's Marriage Ala mode.)

His

Parts to which She Ladar

^{*} See Lord Lansdowne's Letter, nt supra, pag. 13.

Agamemum,

Menefes

His PARTS in TRAGEDY, viz.

Prince of Hales, in Henry IV. both Parts.

Hamlet, in The Play of that Name.

Ziphares, in Mithridates.

Jaffeir, in Venice Preserv'd.

Castalio, in The Orphan.

Edgar, in King Lear.

Amintor, in The Maid's Tragedy,

Piercy, in Anna Bullen.

Demetrius, in The Humorous Lieutenant.

Troilus, in Troilus and Cressida.

Mark Anthony, in Julius Cafar.

Macduff; in Mackbeth.

Marius, Jun. o in Carus Marius. 110 aninovora

King Henry VI. in Richard III. eit

Esex, in The Unhappy Favoarite.

Norfolk, in Mary Queen of Scots.

Armufia, in The Island Princess.

Prince of Wales, in Henry IV. both Parts.

Aurengzebe, in The Great Mogul.

Cortez, in The Indian Emperor.

Valentinian, in The Tragedy of that Name.

Agamemnon, in The Victim.

Moneses, in (Rowe's) Tamerlane.

Altamont, in The Fair Penitent.

dune Pallen

ORIGINAL PARTS* in Tragedy, viz.

DUMONT, (i. e. The Husband) in Jane Shore.

[It must here be observed, that Mrs. Oldfield insisted upon Mr. Wilks's playing this Part, if she
played Jane Shore; otherwise she would take that
of Alicia. This Mr. Wilks readily came into, for
preventing Disputes. But the Part of Hastings was
written for, and assigned by Mr. Rowe, to Mr.
Wilks. And this Part he has also performed with universal Applause, since Mr. Booth's Indisposition
obliged Him to quit the Stage.]

Aribert,

in Mari Cheen of State

^{*} i. e. Such Parts as were written in Mr. Wilks's Time, and originally played by Him.

Aribert, in The Royal Convert.

Eurytion. in The Spartan Dame.

Juba, in Cato.

Masinissa, in (Thomson's) Sophonisba.

Whatever (says the Author) was designed as Amiable and Engaging in this Character, shines out in Mr. Wilks's Action.

His PARTS in COMEDY, viz.

Dorimant, in Sir Fopling Flutter.

Mirabel, in The Way of the World.

Truewit, in The Silent Woman.

Mosca, in Volpone.

The Copper-Captain, in Rule a Wife and have a Wife.

Valentine, in Wit without Money.

Willmore, in The Rover.

Loveles, in Love's Last-Shift.

Constant, in The Provok'd Wife.

Don John, in The Chances.

CRICINAL

Courtall,

Courtall, She wou'd if she cou'd

Bellmour, in The Old Batchelor.

Campley, in The Funeral.

Carlos, in The Fop's Fortune.

Loveless, in The Relapse.

Horner, in The Country Wife.

Courtine, in The Soldier's Fortune,

Young Bevil, in The Conscious Lovers,

Sir Frederick Frolick, in Love in a Tub.

Lovemore, in The Amorous Widow.

Captain Clerimont, in The Tender Husband.

Colonel Careless, in The Committee.

Valentine, in Love for Love.

Elder Loveless, in The Scornful Lady.

Careles, in The Double-Gallunt.

Jupiter, in Amphitryon.

Courtell.

Lorenzo, in The Spanish Fryar.

ia The Commen.

Don Yola,

Level/s,

Don Pedro, in The False Friend.

Sir George Airy, in The Buly Body.

Colonel Ravelin, in Mar-Plot.

Sir James Courtley, in The Baffet Table.

Colonel Bastion, in The Perplex'd Lovers

Sir Charles Easy, in The Careles Husband.

Lord Wronglove, in The Lady's Laft Stake.

Carlos, in Love makes a Man.

Mr. Hartley, in The Non-Juror.

Frankley, in The Lady's Philosophy.

Lord Townly, in The Provok'd Husband.

His Parts in Mr. Farqubar's PLAYS have been already mentioned. But a generous Act of Friendship I must not here forget.

Mr. Farquhar left Two Orphan-Daughters. (Mr. Wilks gave each of them a Benefit-Play to put them out Apprentice to Manteau-Makers.) And his worthy Friend and Patron (to whom he Dedicated his Miscellanies) Edmand Chaloner, Esq. procured them a Pension of 20 l. a Year, which they now enjoy.

The state of the s

mivel commented Sepl as area, See Mis Will.

Having, literally, in a double Sense, surveyed Mr. Wilks upon the publick Stage of Life; let us now behold him in the last Scenes of his Domestick Concerns.

As he had always the Care of his Family nearest at Heart (soon after the Royal Mandate had passed the Seals, constituting Him, Mr. Cibber, and Mr. Booth Patentees of the Theatre*) he setled his Affairs by making his Will himself; which he executed on the 30th Day of May, 1732, being then in perfect Health.

About three Months after, viz. on Monday the 27th of August, he was most violently taken with a total Suppression of Urine, fat his House at Meworth in the County of Middlesex.) He came to Town the next Day, and was attended by Dr. Pellet and Dr. Broxbelme, Phylicians; and by Mr. Sainthill and Mr. Coldham, Surgeons. He bore his whole Illness (the for the last Ten Days he was in the most exquise Torture) with the greatest Patience, Refignation; and truly Christian Fortitude. What gave him the utmost Uneafiness, was, to Ite his Wife and Daughter to affected with fuch an intense Sorrow for Him; this he thought much more grievous than what he fuffered himfelf. He was not in the least alarmed at his Diffolution, for (notwithflanding the general Oblequy caft upon bis Profession) I can affirm from my

Which commenced Sept 1. 1722, See His Will.

Course of his Life, he was habitually prepared for Death; and was a Pattern so exemplary as any one might wish to follow. That Day Month he was taken ill he died, viz. on Wednesday the 27th of September, about Nine of the Clock in the Morning.

On the 4th of October his Funeral Obsequies were performed with great Decency. His Pall was supported by John Birkhead, Eig; Mr. Sainthill and Mr. Coldham his Surgeons; and by his Brother Comedians, Mr. Mills, Mr. Cibber and his Son. The Corps about One in the Morning was borne from his House in Bowstrees to his Parish Church of St. Paul Covent Garden; where (out of the most sincere Respect to his Memory) the Gentlemen of the King's Chapel attended and performed an Anthem. He was Interred in a part of the Church appropriated to his own Family, and where already are deposited (besides himself) the Bodies of his first Wise, his Daughter Mrs. Price, and his Son-in-Law Mr. Show.

In my Opinion, this Sentence of Tully may with the strictest Justice be applied to Mr. Wilks's Memory, Vitæ bens atte, jucundissima est Recordatio. A Life well spent, is the most comfortable Remembrance.

It may, perhaps, surprize a great many Persons who were intimate with Him, to be assured that F 2 tho

Expence, yet he has not died fo Rich as they may imagine; because he not only made his own Family, but all his Relations the continual Objects of his Care. Besides, a Domestic Life was his sole Delight; he was never better pleased, than, as he used to express himself, when he saw every Body happy about him; to which his whole Occonomy contributed. It must likewise be confidered that sew Gentiemen are without indigent Relatives, of these he had many; he rejoiced that it was in his Power to assist them, which it is well known he very largely did; so that his Humanity was still his superior Merit. This sully confirms my Application of the Passage in Tyles abovecited.



Telle many politage, temprise a prest many Perford

the word interpreted thing and be affected that

person to fail and believe no one will differe

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sich, which there more erichally for

I In that Capital Part of Maxiet, has not the rudic aliva Directed

are last with that H. H. 9 wit which is not

culiar to remales of Wic, and is very tellion well

Action of the STAGE; with Women, the Picci of Nature and Infilm ?.

This Concely was written by Mis. Confere And marallib vish Particularly. That of

from the furmer, yet Sit Gorge Airy Ihines equally

Mr. WILKS. - III. Low beautifully in another Point of Light

does be appear, in Mafrix in Worrose; or, the A S to the Movements of the Paffions, what may not be performed by an excellent Poer? when the Character he draws is presented by the Person, the Manner, the Look, and the Motion of an accomplished Player: If a Thing painted or related can irrefiftably enter our Hearts, what may not be brought to pass by feeing generous Things performed before our Eyes? That Mr. Wilks had the Qualifications of fuch a Player

as is here described I believe no one will dispute. That he entered thoroughly into the Parts, which he studied after those who had gone before him, and made the Parts, which were wrote originally for Him, is universally allowed.

I. In that Capital Part of HAMLET, has not the Voice of the Public always attended him? the a Part of so various a Mixture!

II. The Plot and Incidents of the Busy-Body are laid with that Subtilty of Spirit which is peculiar to Females of Wit, and is very seldom well performed by those of the other Sex, in whom Crass in Love, is an Act of Invention, and nor as with Women, the Effect of Nature and Instinct. This Comedy was written by Mrs. Centlivre. And tho Mr. Wilks's Part in it be so widely different from the former, yet Sir George Airy shines equally with Hamlet.

III. How beautifully in another Point of Light does he appear, in Mosca, in Volpone; or, the Foir A Play in which Ben Johnsto hat made every Man's Passion to be towards Money, and yet not one of them expresses a Desire, or endeavours to obtain it any Way but what is peculiar to him only! One sacrifices his Wife, another his Possion, another his Possion, another his Possion, another his Possion, that it seems prodigious their Discourses that it seems prodigious their Discourses should

thought rife from the Invention of the fame Au-

him with Regard to fach Confiderations, and been IV. Let us next view him, in Horner, in the Country Wife. In the Drama of this Comedy, the Husband is represented to be one of those Debauchees who run through the Vices of the Town, and believe, when they think fit, they can marry and fettle at their Ease. His only Knowledge of the Iniquity of the Age, makes him chuse a Wife wholly ignorant of it, and place his Security in her want of Skill how to abuse him. The Post on many Occasions, where the Propriety of the Character will admit of it, infinuates, That there is no Defence against Vice, but the Contempt of it: And has, in the Natural Ideas of an Untainted Innocent, shewn the gradual Steps to Ruin and Deftruction, which Persons of Condition run into. without the Help of a good Education how to form their Conduct. The Torment of a Jealous Coxcomb, which arises from his own False Maxims, and the Aggravations of his Pain, by the very Words in which he fees her Innocence, makes a very pleasant and instructive Satire. The Character of Horner, and the Defign of it, is a good Representation of the Age, in which that Comedy was written; at which Time, Love and Wenching were the Buliness of Life, and the Gallant Manner of purfuing Women was the best Recommendation at Court To which only it is to be imputed, that a Gentleman of Mr. Wychenly's Character and Senfe, condescends to represent the Infults Infults done to the Honour of the Bed, without just Reproof, but to have drawn a Man of Probity with Regard to such Considerations, had been a Monster, and a Poet had at that Time discovered his want of knowing the Manners of the Court he lived in, by a Virtuous Character in his fine Gentleman, as he would shew his Ignorance by drawing a Vicious One to please the present Age.

V. How amiably does he ravish us in Essex, a Play in which there is not one good Line, and yet it is never represented without drawing Tears from some Part of the Audience. A remarkable Instance that the Soul is not to be moved by Words, but Things; for the Incidents in this Drama are laid together so happily, that the Spectator makes the Play for himself, by the Force which the Circumstance has upon Imagination. Thus in Spite of the most dry Discourses, and Expressions almost as ridiculous with respect to Propriety, it is impossible for one unprejudiced to see it untouched with Pity. I must confess that the Effect is not wrought on fuch as examine why they are pleased; but it never fails to appear on those who are not too learned in Nature, to be moved by her first Suggestions. inge, Toye and Westfinenciae wh

VI. Who could behold Valentine, in Wit without Money, without the greatest Cheerfulness, the Moment Mr. Wilks appeared on the Stage. If ever Mirth can lay Claim to full Scope and Indulgence, it is in the Business of Comedy; and yet

I will venture to fay, that a Comic Poet who thould only propose to himself the saising of Laughter, whatever might be his Success in that, would be but a wretched Writer. To this Spring we owe many Pieces of forced Humour and Ruillery, fuch Scriblers defigning no more than to raife a Laugh, without confidering that misapplied Raillery, is only Ill-Nature, and that Humour without a Moral is Buffoonery. This it is which has given Occasion to distinguish such low Performances by the Name of Farce. It is not the lively Jest, the Smart Repartee, or the witty Conceit; but the natural Views of Life, the moral Painting, the Manners, the Possions, the Follies, the Singularities, and Humours; in a Word, it is the Human Heart in all its odd Variety, pleasantly reprefented, that makes up the elegant Entertainment of Comedy. In this the Author presents Mankind to the Audience; in the other Way of Writing he only exhibits Himfelf.

VI. How agreeably again does Mr. Wilks charm us, in Camley, in the Funeral. Every one will own, that in this Play there are many lively Strokes of Wit and Humour; but I must confess, I am more pleased with the fine Touches of Humanity in it, than with any other Part of the Entertainment. To borrow Plautus's own Remark, by the Representation of such Plays, even good Men may be made better.

VII. How is that most tender Passion of the Soul, Love! touched by him in the Character of Jubo? The Tragedy of CATO, excels as much in the Passion of its Lovers, as in the sublime Sentiments of its Hero; their generous Love, which is more Heroic than any Concern in the chief Characters of most Dramas, makes but subordinate Characters in this. When Marcia reproves Juba for entertaining her with Love in such a Conjuncture of Affairs, wherein the common Cause should take Place of all other Thoughts, the Prince answers in this noble Manner:

Thy Reproofs are just,

Thou virtuous Maid; I'll hasten to my Troops.

And fire their languid Souls with Cato's Virtue.

If e'er I lead them to the Field, when all

The War shall stand rang'd in its just Array,

And dreadful Pomp: Then will I think on Thee!

O lovely Maid, then will I think on Thee!

And in the Shock of charging Hosts, remember

What glorious Deeds, shou'd grace the Man, who

For Marcia's Love

hopes

It is the Opinion of Sir Richard Steele that this Play is a perfect Piece, and has done great Honour to our Nation and Language.

VIII. Where shall we now find another DORIMANT in Sir Fopling Flutter, a Play of which it is the received Character, that it is the Pattern of Genteel Comedy. And I must confess that the Negligence of every thing, which engages the Attention of the sober and valuable Part of Mankind, appears very well drawn in this Piece.

IX. No more can we behold EDGAR, in King LEAR, for want of Him! This is an admirable Tragedy as Shakespeare wrote it; but since reformed by Tate, according to the Chimerical Notion of Poetical Justice, in my humble Opinion it has lost half its Beauty. Our excellent Bard has indeed fared much better under the judicious Pen of Lord Lansdowne, whose Jew of Venice, preserves all that is valuable in the Original; suffers no Diminution, and is greatly improved.

X. As I opened these Papers under the Cover of that late excellent Writer, Mr. Secretary Addison; I cannot close them better, than under the same Authority. The foregoing Characters, of some of the Plays, wherein Mr. Wilks had the most considerable Parts, are the Sentiments of the best Judges, upon those Performances, selected from the Tatler and Spectator.

G 2

The Design of Art is to assist Action, especially that of the Stage, as much as possible in the Representation of Nature; for the Appearance of Reality is that which moves us in all Representations, and these have always the greater Force, the nearer they approach to Nature, and the less they shew of Imitation.

Nature herself has appeared in every Emotion of the Soul, its peculiar Cast of the Countenance, Tone of Voice, and Manner of Gesture; and the whole Person, all the Features of the Face, and Tones of the Voice, answer like Strings upon Musical Instruments, to the Impressions made on them by the Mind. Thus the Sounds of the Voice, according to the various Touches which raise them, form themselves into an Acute, or Grave; Quick, or Slow; Loud, or Sost Tone. Every one of these may be employed with Art and Judgment; and all supply the Astor, as Colours do the Painter, with an expressive Variety.

Such were the Qualifications of the Man whose Loss the British - Theatre now deplores! and whose Character is best summed up, by the inimitable Shakespeare, in his own Part of HAM-LET, viz.

Take Him for All in All—We ne'er shall Look upon his Like again!

P. S.

POSTSCRIPT.

bearing faire Watter's awainst ones Newlis

Aving a proper Opportunity in this Place, I fhould think I greatly offended against the Drama, did I not, in Justice to Mr. DRYDEN'S Merit and Memory, infert that most worthy Defence made for him, by the Right Honourable the Lord Lanfdowne, from the vile Calumnies of Bishop Burnet in the (false) History of his own Time. " Why, Says that truly bonourable Peer abovementioned, "is " Mr. Dryden's Name stigmatized as a Monster of "Immodesty and Impurity of all Sorts? Was that " his Character? No, no; all who knew him can contradict it. He was so much a Stranger " to Immodesty, that Modesty in too great a De-" gree was his failing: He hurt his Fortune by " it; he was fenfible of it; he complained of it, " and never could overcome it: And then again, " A Monster of Impurity of all Sorts. Good God! " what an Idea must that give? Impurity of all Sorts. " Is there any Wickedness under the Sun but what " is comprized in those few Words? But as it hap-" pens, he was the Reverse of all this, a Man of " regular Life and fober Conversation, as all his " Actions can vouch. Believe me; this was too " much, and every Reader cannot but grieve with " me, that fuch rash Expressions should escape from a Bishop's Pen. There has the and the many strong fire some

" If bearing false Witness against ones Neigh-" bour is a Breach of Commandment; can there " be a more flagrant one than this? Mr. DRYDEN " was by Birth a Gentleman of a worthy Fa-" mily in the County of Huntington, often serving as Representatives for that County; greatly al-" lied by his Marriage with a Daughter of the " Earl of Berksbire *: He was esteemed, courted, " and admired by all the great Men of the Age " in which he lived, who would certainly not " have received into Friendship, a Monster, aban-" doned to all forts of Vice and Impiety. " tings will do immortal Honour to his Name and " Country, and his POEMS last as long, if I may have Leave to fay it, as the Bishop's " SERMONS, supposing them equally excel-" lent in their Kind.

LANSDOWNE.*

Is not this Character an Honour to the English Stage? Who, since his Time, can merit such another?

Surely it must not Rise from Pope, or Gay,

From What d'ye Call't, or Beggar's Opera.

No.

^{*} Lady Elizabeth Howard.
† See His Lordship's Letter, ut supra, pag. 5 and 6.

No, no; as Sir Somuel Garth harmoniously sings on a Parallel Occasion,

Crabs-Eyes as well with Pearl for Use may try,

Or Highgate-Hill with lofty Pindus vie;

So Glow-Worms may compare with Titan's Beams,

Or Hare-Court Pump with Aganippe's Streams.

own. And he acknowledges breakly that, the

I have just now seen a Paper,* wherein Mr. Consul Burnet has fully cleared (by a very new Postulatum) his Father, from my Lord Lansdowne's Charge of having aspersed Mr. DRYDEN. ex. gr.

Assertion. "The King (CHARLES II.) and the Duke (of York) and the whole Court looked up"on him (Dr. Burnet) as the Greatest Lyan upon
"the Face of the Earth, and that there was no

" believing one Word he faid."

Answer. "I believe, says his Son, calling Dr. "Burnet a Lyar, will be understood by Men of "Sense, to import no more, than that he had "spoken Truth." For my Part I cannot sign Mr. Consul's Creed, nor do I believe that Lord Lansdowne would enter his Name in the List of such Men of Sense.

* Remarks on the Lord Lanfdowne's Letter, &c. 4to, pag. 19 and 20.

As to the most unjust and wile Aspersions cast upon Mr. Dryden; Thomas Burnet, Esq. will have it, that, they were not levelled at his Person, but his Dramatic Writings; if so, the Distinction might have easily been made. This is a very mean Evasion, and but a poor Defense of the poor Prelate, as he compassionately calls his Daddy, the Delight of whose Soul was scandalizing Others, though no Man's Life could well be more scandalous than his own. And he acknowledges himself, that, He Died, as he all along Lived.

A CHARACTER of Mr. Wilks, by Ruth Collins, a Quaker.*

ods bons (LIEBLERIES) will Sept : 27. 11732.

The Irish-Nation. He was one that shewed great Behaviour of Body, and spake many quaint Words of Vanity upon a Stage of Wood, before People who delight in vain Babbling; and they are now greatly troubled at his Loss. For, say they, where shall we find his Fellow, to yield Delight unto our Ears, and unto our Hearts, in the doleful Evenings of the Winter. Those that were of his Company also mourn, and say, Our Neighbours will rejoice, as hoping to be Gainers by his Departure.*

of Truth. For Sept. pag. 30.

2 17'S of right Name-Brandy, for Lam-

ADVERTISEMENT.

One Shower of Snow, in the whitest French-I hope the Town will indulge me in doing an Act of Friendship, by publishing the following Account of Goods, and Move-Force bigger than ordinary, and a sald da-

div This is to give Notice, VIZ.

HAT a Magnificent Palace, with great Variety of Gardens, Statues, and Waterwhere there are likewife feveral Caffles to be difposed of, very delightfully situated; as also Groves, Woods, Forests, Fountains, and Country-Seats, with very pleasant Prospects on all R-ch, Esq; who is breaking up House-keeping, and has many curious Pieces of Furniture, to dispose of, which may be seen between the Hours of Six and Ten in the Evening

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Two Showers of a browner Sort o BA no

A SEA, confifting of a Dozen large Waves, the Tenth bigger than ordinary, and a little damaged.

A. Dozen and a half of Crouds, trimmed with Black, and well Conditioned.

A RAINBOW, a little faded I a TAH

A Set of Clouds after the French Mode, freaked with Lightening and Furbelged.

A New-Moon, something decayed.

A Pint of the finest Spanish-Wash, being all that is left of two Hogsheads sent over last Winter.

A Coach very finely Gilt, and little used, with

A Setting-Sun, a Pennyworth.

A Serter to Ring Chapatra. An Imperial Mantle, made for Cyrus the Great, and worn by Julius Casar, Bajazer, King HARRY the Eighth, and Signor VALENTINI.

A Basket-Hilt Sword, very convenient to carry Milk in. Six Albon-Chairs, were

ROXANA'S Night-Gown.

OTHELLO'S Handkerchief. 6 10 11 od 1

The Imperial Robes of Xerxes, never worn but once. and a Comblack Perries.

† Mrs. Oldfield's Slippers,

Mr. Wilk's Gloves to the of the control of the

† Mrs. Porter's Petticoat, left her by Queen ELIZABETH. A Balt of Red-Spanile Wool.

† 70 Miller's best Breeches, lined with Parchment. of Trap Doors, Ladders of Roy

† Mr. Booth's full-bottom Wig, in which CATO died.

† Mrs. Thurmond's CLogs, lined with Beggat's-Velver? .. Mr. to the Use of Mr. ?tevel

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Six Elbow-Chairs, very expert in Country-Dances, with Six Flower-Pots for their Partners.

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a Tub, and a Jointed Baby.

sient. Gen. Hond

Tave U. II

N. B. The first Edition, of this Inventory, was taken by Isaac Bickerstaff, Esq; and by his Direction printed and publickly dispersed in the Coffee-Houses of London and Westminster, on Saturday, July 16, 1709, in which Space of three and twenty Years, the Goods have been much used, and consequently the worse for wearing, as the Saying is; having been purchased by Three several Owners, who indeed have added seven Lots to them, which are thus marked to

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